

Tau(Phospho-Ser262) Antibody

Catalog No: #11111



Package Size: #11111-1 50ul #11111-2 100ul #11111-4 25ul

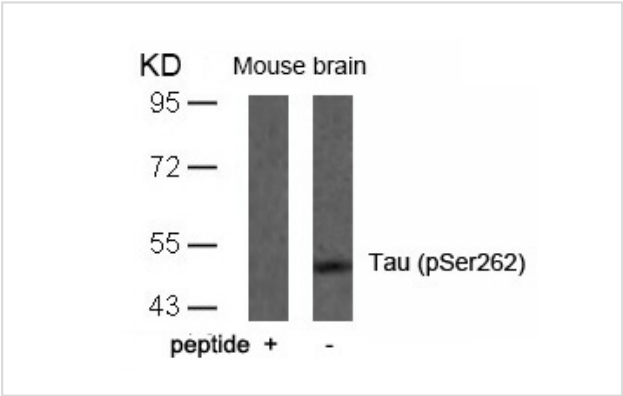
Overview

Product Name	Tau(Phospho-Ser262) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Applications	WB IHC IF
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH
Target Name	Tau
Modification	Phospho-Ser262
Alternative Names	MAPT; MTAPT; MTBT1; Neurofibrillary tangle protein; PHF-tau

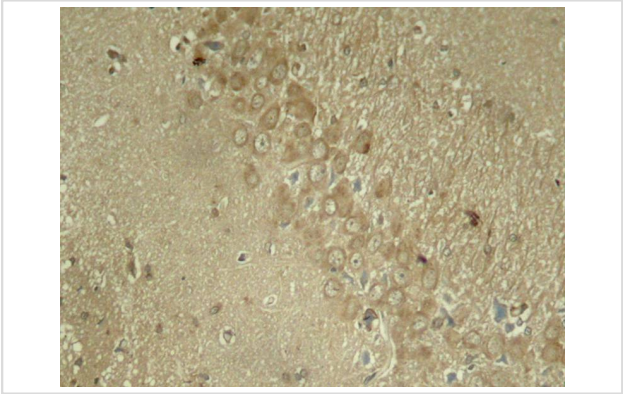
Application Details

Predicted MW: 48 62 78 kd
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100
Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200

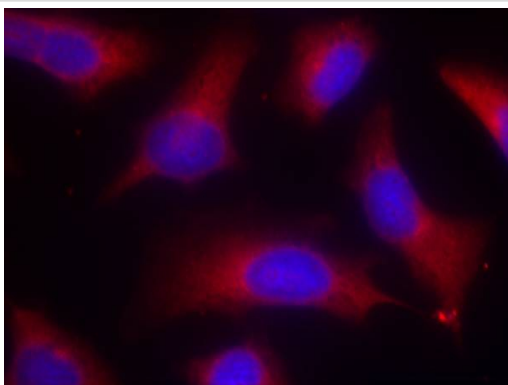
Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from mouse brain tissue using Tau(Phospho-Ser262) Antibody #11111 and the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rat hippocampal region tissue from a model with Alzheimer



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using Tau(Phospho-Ser262) Antibody #11111.

Descriptions

Immunogen	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 262 (I-G-S(p)-T-E) derived from Human Tau.
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of Tau only when phosphorylated at serine 262.
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic phosphopeptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. Non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatography using non-phosphopeptide.
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg ²⁺ and Ca ²⁺), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.
Accession NO.	Swiss-Prot: P10636NCBI Protein: NP_001116538.1

Related Information

Promotes microtubule assembly and stability, and might be involved in the establishment and maintenance of neuronal polarity. The C-terminus binds axonal microtubules while the N-terminus binds neural plasma membrane components, suggesting that tau functions as a linker protein between both. Axonal polarity is predetermined by tau localization (in the neuronal cell) in the domain of the cell body defined by the centrosome. The short isoforms allow plasticity of the cytoskeleton whereas the longer isoforms may preferentially play a role in its stabilization.

Timm T, et al. (2003) EMBO J; 22(19): 5090-5101.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.