NFkB-p100(Ab-866) Antibody

Catalog No: #21015



Package Size: #21015-1 50ul #21015-2 100ul #21015-4 25ul

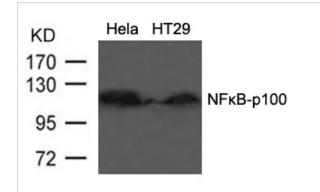
Overview

Product Name	NFkB-p100(Ab-866) Antibody
Host Species	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Applications	WB IHC IF
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH
Target Name	NFkB-p100
Alternative Names	DNA-binding factor KBF2; H2TF1; Lymphocyte translocation chromosome 10; Lyt10; NFKB2

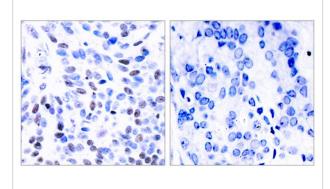
Application Details

Predicted MW: 120 kd	
Western blotting: 1:500~1:1000	
Immunohistochemistry: 1:50~1:100	
Immunofluorescence: 1:100~1:200	

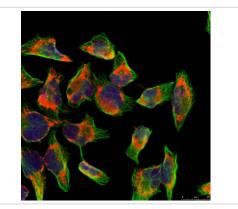
Images



Western blot analysis of extracts from HT29 cells using NFkB-p100(Ab-866) Antibody #21015.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using NFkB-p100(Ab-866) Antibody #21015(left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide(right).



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Hela cells using NFkB-p100(Ab-866) Antibody #21015.

Descriptions	
Immunogen	Peptide sequence around aa.864~868 (E-D-S-A-Y) derived from Human NFkB-p100.
Specificity	The antibody detects endogenous level of total NFkB-p100 protein.
Purifiction	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with synthetic peptide and KLH conjugates. Antibodies were
	purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific peptide.
Formulation	Supplied at 1.0mg/mL in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+), pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02%
	sodium azide and 50% glycerol.
Storage	Store at -20°C for long term preservation (recommended). Store at 4°C for short term use.
Accession NO.	Swiss-Prot: Q00653NCBI Protein: NP_001070961.1

Related Information

NFKB has been detected in numerous cell types that express cytokines, chemokines, growth factors, cell adhesion molecules, and some acute phase proteins in health and in various disease states. NFKB is activated by a wide variety of stimuli such as cytokines, oxidant-free radicals, inhaled particles, ultraviolet irradiation, and bacterial or viral products. Inappropriate activation of NF-kappa-B has been linked to inflammatory events associated with autoimmune arthritis, asthma, septic shock, lung fibrosis, glomerulonephritis, atherosclerosis, and AIDS. In contrast, complete and persistent inhibition of NF-kappa-B has been linked directly to apoptosis, inappropriate immune cell development, and delayed cell growth. Qu Z, et al. (2004) J Biol Chem. 279(43): 44563-44572. Xiao G, et al. (2001) Mol Cell. 7(2): 401-409. Baeuerle P A, et al. (1994) Annu Rev Immunol. 12:141-179. Baeuerle P A, et al. (1996) Cell 87:13-20. Haskill S, et al. (1991) Cell 65:1281-1289.

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.